1. 1.1189 4. 4.458 6.77 4. 10 6 10/659,499 1 147 Ward 1

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L13	225443	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	ANTITUMOR AGENTS+PFT,OLD/CT
L14	8363	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	ANGIOGENESIS INHIBITORS+PFT,NT
		/CT				,
L18	7755	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	BRAIN, NEOPLASM+PFT,OLD/CT
L20	67	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	MODY T?/AU
L21	5	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	GALANTER J?/AU
L23	62	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L20 OR L21) AND ?PHYRIN?
L24	17	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L23 AND (L13 OR L14)
L25	1	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L23 AND L18
L26	17	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L24 OR L25)

=> d ibib ed ab 126 1-17

L26 ANSWER 1 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:36547 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:141241

TITLE: Meso-oxygenated texaphyrin analogues INVENTOR(S): Fu, Lei; Mody, Tarak D.; Wang, Zhong

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pharmacyclics, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 24 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 310,592, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005009803	A1	20050113	US 2004-911284	20040804
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-310592 B2	20021204

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:141241

ED Entered STN: 14 Jan 2005

10/659,499 Sward 55 50

The present invention provides compds. of I (M = H, metal cation; Q = -5AB 5; L = charge balancing species; n = 0-5; Z1, Z2, Z3 = N, O; Rs = acyl,acyloxy, alkenyl, alkoxy, etc.), its pharmaceutically acceptable salts, hydrate and prodrug forms thereof, e.g. gadolinium oxotexaphlorin. A method of treating a host harboring neoplasm or atheroma comprising administering to the host a compound I and administering ionizing radiation to the host in proximity to the neoplasm or atheroma is also disclosed.

L26 ANSWER 2 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:722913 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:235108

TITLE:

Preparation of novel metallotexaphyrin

derivatives and their use in pharmaceutical

compositions

INVENTOR(S):

Mody, Tarak D.; Galanter, Joshua

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pharmacyclics, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 29 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 941,924.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004171602	A1	20040902	US 2003-659499	20030910
US 2003073679	A1	20030417	US 2001-941924	20010828
US 6638924	B2	20031028		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-229255P P	20000830
			IIS 2001-941924 A	2 20010828

CASREACT 141:235108; MARPAT 141:235108 OTHER SOURCE(S):

Entered STN: 03 Sep 2004 ED

AB Novel derivs. of metallotexaphyrins were prepared by modifying the apical ligands associated with the central metal component of a metallotexaphyrin. The apical ligands are generally derived from a group consisting of gluconic acid, phosphoric acid, glucoronic acid, lactic acid, pyruvic acid and p-toluenesulfonic acid. The metal cation is preferably gadolinium(III) or lutetium(III). Thus, the lutetium(III) complex (I, L = gluconate) and related complexes were prepared The metallotexaphyrin derivs. are claimed to be useful for the treatment of disease resulting from the presence of neoplastic tissue, neovascularization or and atheroma by application of a therapeutic energy chosen from photoirradn., ionizing irradiation, neutron irradiation and ultrasound.

L26 ANSWER 3 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:171695 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:225934

TITLE:

Non-symmetric tripyrranes in the synthesis of novel

macrocycles

INVENTOR(S):

Mody, Tarak; Galanter, Joshua

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Pharmacyclics, Inc., USA PCT Int. Appl., 78 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                           _____
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                               20020307
                                          WO 2001-US26755
                                                                  20010828
    WO 2002017925
                        A1
    WO 2002017925
                         C1
                               20020912
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            BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     AU 2001090580
                         A5
                               20020313
                                          AU 2001-90580
                                                                   20010828
     US 2003232800
                         A1
                               20031218
                                           US 2003-363401
                                                                   20030226
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           US 2000-229247P
                                                              P 20000830
                                           WO 2001-US26755
                                                              W 20010828
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                        CASREACT 136:225934; MARPAT 136:225934
     Entered STN: 08 Mar 2002
     The present invention provides certain nonsym. tripyrranes; i.e.,
AB
     tripyrranes that do not contain a mirror plane of symmetry perpendicular
     to the plane containing the tripyrrane, and methods for their preparation
These
     compds. are tripyrranes I (R1-R6 = H, halo, OH, (un) substituted alkyl,
     alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, or heteroaryl, O2N, acyl, (un)substituted alkoxy,
     amino, or carboxyalkyl, etc., saccharide, or a group X-Y in which X is a
     covalent bond or linker and Y is a catalytic group, a chemotherapeutic
     agent, or a site-directing mol.; R11 and R12 = H, (un)substituted alkyl,
     aryl, alkoxy, carboxyalkyl, or carboxyamidoalkyl; Ra and Rb = H, -C(0)R',
     -CO2R', -CHR'-L where R' = H or (un) substituted alkyl or aryl, and L =
     leaving group with the proviso that R1 \neq R6, and/or R2 \neq R5).
     Further, the invention includes metallotexaphyrin compds.
     IIn+(AL-)n (M = mono-, di-, tri-, or tetravalent metal cation, various
     definitions for R's, AL is apical leaving group and n = 1-5), and
     sapphyrin compds. III (R's defined), and hydrate, pharmaceutically
     accepted salt, or prodrug, as well as other polypyrrolic macrocycles,
    prepared using tripyrranes of IV as a precursor. These macrocycles were
    characterized by a tripyrrolic portion of the macrocyclic ring having
     substituents that cause the heterocycle to lack a plane of sym.
     perpendicular to the plane of the macrocycle. Claimed is a method using
     texaphyrins II for treating a disease or condition in a mammal
     resulting from the presence of neoplastic tissue, neovascularization, or
     an atheroma (no data). A preferred method for making the tripyrranes I is
     by a rearrangement via decarboxylation of a tripyrrane-\alpha,\alpha'-
     dicarboxylate in the presence of a strong acid catalyst.
REFERENCE COUNT:
                        3
                              THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                              RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L26 ANSWER 4 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2002:171680 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        136:228801
TITLE:
                        Agents for neutron capture therapy
                        Mody, Tarak D.; Sessler, Jonathan L.; Young,
INVENTOR(S):
                        Stuart W.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Pharmacyclics, Inc., USA
SOURCE:
                        PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
```

Patent English

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

LANGUAGE:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO.
                                                              DATE
    PATENT NO.
                       KIND
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                             20020307 WO 2001-US26773
                                                             20010828
    WO 2002017910
                       A1
           AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
            CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
            GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
            LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT,
            RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US,
            UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
           DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
            BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                       A5
                             20020313
                                       AU 2001-88448
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    AU 2001088448
    US 2004023891
                        A1
                             20040205
                                         US 2003-362964
                                                               20030225
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                         US 2000-229366P
                                                           P 20000830
                                         WO 2001-US26773
                                                           W 20010828
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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:228801

ED Entered STN: 08 Mar 2002

AB Compds., pharmaceutical formulations and methods for use in neutron capture therapy are provided, useful for treating diseases characterized by neoplastic tissue and arteriosclerosis. The neutron capture agent may also be administered with a chemotherapeutic agent such as cisplatin or a photosensitizer such as motexafin lutetium. An example is provided of the preparation of 157Gd-texaphyrin and its use in glioma-bearing mice.

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L26 ANSWER 5 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:171678 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:225933

TITLE:

Preparation of novel metallotexaphyrin derivatives, their uses and pharmaceutical

compositions

INVENTOR(S):

Mody, Tarak D.; Galanter, Joshua

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pharmacyclics, Inc., USA PCT Int. Appl., 94 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

English

2

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	PATENT NO.				KIND		DATE		APPLICATION NO.						DATE		
WO.	2002	0179	า 8		Δ1	-	2002	0307	1	WO 2	001-1	JS 26	885		2	00108	828
	W:						AU,										
		•	•	•	•	•	DK,	•	•	•	•	•				•	
			•	•	•	•	IN,	•	•	•	•	•		-			
		•	•		•		MD,		•		•	•			-		-
		•	•	•	•	•	SG,		•	•	•	-	•	-	-	-	-
		•	•	VN,	•	•		,	,	,	,	,	,	,			•
	RW:		•		•	•	MZ,	SD.	sь.	SZ.	TZ.	UG.	ZW.	AT.	BE.	CH.	CY,
		•		•	•	-	GB,		•	•	•			•			
		•	•	•	•		GA,	•	•	•	•						•
CA	2434	•		•	•			•	~ .	•	•						328
-	2001																
-	1408						2004										
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,

IE, FI, CY, TR

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2000-229255P P 20000830 WO 2001-US26885 W

20010828

CASREACT 136:225933; MARPAT 136:225933 OTHER SOURCE(S):

Entered STN: 08 Mar 2002

AB Novel derivs. of metallotexaphyrins were prepared by modifying the apical ligands associated with the central metal component of metallotexaphyrin. Thus, the axial acetate ligands of the lutetium texaphyrin complex (I) was replaced with a variety of anionic ligands, such as gluconate, benzoate and deoxycholate. efficacy as phototherapeutic agents was demonstrated for lutetium texaphyrin complexes with axial acetate, formate and gluconate ligands.

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L26 ANSWER 6 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:120370 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:277412

TITLE: Texaphyrins: a new approach to drug

development

AUTHOR (S): Mody, Tarak D.; Sessler, Jonathan L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Pharmacyclics, Inc., Sunnyvale, CA, 94085, USA SOURCE: Journal of Porphyrins and Phthalocyanines (2001),

5(2), 134-142

CODEN: JPPHFZ; ISSN: 1088-4246

John Wiley & Sons Ltd. PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: English Entered STN: 18 Feb 2001

A review with 88 refs. The texaphyrins are prototypical AB metal-coordinating expanded porphyrins. They represent a burgeoning class of pharmacol. agents that show promise for an array of medical applications. Currently, two different water-soluble lanthanide texaphyrins, namely motexafin gadolinium (Gd-Tex, 1) and motexafin lutetium (Lu-Tex, 2), are involved in multi-center clin. trials for a variety of indications. The first of these agents, XCYTRIN (motexafin gadolinium) injection, is being evaluated as a potential X-ray radiation enhancer in a randomized Phase III clin. trial in patients with brain metastases. The second, in various formulations, is being evaluated as a photosensitizer for use in: (i) the photodynamic treatment of recurrent breast cancer (LUTRIN Injection; now in Phase IIb clin. trials); (ii) photoangioplastic reduction of atherosclerosis involving peripheral and coronary arteries (ANTRIN Injection; now in Phase II and Phase I clin. trials, resp.); and (iii) light-based age-related macular degeneration (OPTRIN Injection; currently under Phase II clin. evaluation), a vision-threatening disease of the retina. In this article, these developments, along with fundamental aspects of the underlying chemical are reviewed.

REFERENCE COUNT: 88 THERE ARE 88 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L26 ANSWER 7 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:783963 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:29966

Texaphyrin-chemotherapeutic conjugates and TITLE:

> their pharmaceutical formulations for chemotherapy, radiation sensitization, photodynamic therapy, sonodynamic therapy, and as antiatherosclerotics

INVENTOR(S): Sessler, Jonathan L.; Magda, Darren; Mody, Tarak; Anzenbacher, Pavel; Carvalho, Joan

Board of Regents, the University of Texas System, USA; PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pharmacyclics, Inc. PCT Int. Appl., 88 pp.

SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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	PAT	ENT	NO.			KINI)	DATE			APP	LICAT	ION 1	NO.		D.	ATE	
	WO	9962	551			A1	_	1999	1209		wo	1999-	US12	514		1	9990	604
		W:	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	ВG,	BR	, BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,
			DK,	ΕĖ,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,
			KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,
			MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD	, SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,
			TR,	TT,	UA,	ŪĠ,	US,	UΖ,	VN,	YU,	ZW	, AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,
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	ΑU	9942	321			A1		1999	1220		ΑU	1999-	4232	1		1	9990	604
	EP	1082	138			A1		2001	0314		ΕP	1999-	9261	72		1	9990	604
	EP	1082	138			B1		2004	0825									
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR	, IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
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	US	6207	660			B1		2001	0327		US	1999-	3258	90		1	9990	604
	JP	2002	5168	78		T2		2002	0611		JΡ	2000-	5518	06		1	9990	604
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PRIO	RIT	APP	LN.	INFO	. :			•			US	1998-	8821	4 P	1	? 1	9980	605
								•			WO	1999-	US12	514	Ţ	1	9990	604

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 132:29966

Entered STN: 10 Dec 1999

Provided are texaphyrin-chemotherapeutic drug conjugates, optionally including a Pt(II) or Pt(IV) metal chelating site and/or complex, which are useful for treating atheroma, tumors and other neoplastic tissue, neovascular-related diseases, as well as other conditions that are typically responsive to chemotherapy, radiation sensitization, photodynamic therapy, and sonodynamic therapy. Preferred chemotherapeutic agents may be selected from a taxoid, a nucleotide, an antibiotic, or a platinum coordination complex, or more specifically, selected from bleomycin, doxorubicin, taxol, taxotere, etoposide, 4-hydroxycyclophosphamide, 5-fluorocil, cisplatin, or cisplatin analogs. The texaphyrin-chemotherapeutic agents are represented by formulas Iz+ or II (Z = 0-5, M = H, di- or trivalent metal cation, R1-R4 and R6-R9 = H, halo (but not iodo), OH, alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, catalytic group, chemotherapeutic agent, Pt chelating site, etc., R5 and R10-R12 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, halo (but not iodo), hydroxyalkyl, etc., with provisos concerning their steric size relative to other R groups) their pharmaceutical salts and formulations (1 example). Example conjugates show cytotoxic activity.

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 10 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L26 ANSWER 8 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

1999:782647 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:233602 15 rm

10/659,499 Ward

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Porphyrin- and expanded porphyrin
TITLE:
                        -based diagnostic and therapeutic agents
                        Mody, Tarak D.; Sessler, Jonathan L.
AUTHOR(S):
                        Pharmacyclics Inc., Sunnyvale, CA, 94086, USA
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                        Perspectives in Supramolecular Chemistry (1999),
SOURCE:
                        4 (Supramolecular Materials and Technologies), 245-294
                        CODEN: PSCHFN; ISSN: 1521-1525
                        John Wiley & Sons Ltd.
PUBLISHER:
                        Journal; General Review
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        English
LANGUAGE:
ED
    Entered STN: 10 Dec 1999
    A review with 321 refs. on texaphyrins as tumor-selective MRI
AB
     enhancing agents and photodynamic and X-ray radiation therapy sensitizers.
REFERENCE COUNT:
                        324
                              THERE ARE 324 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
                               THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
                              FORMAT '
L26 ANSWER 9 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        1999:671035 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        131:294770
TITLE:
                        Texaphyrins having pendants containing
                        imidazole as radiation sensitizers
INVENTOR(S):
                        Sessler, Jonathan L.; Hemmi, Gregory W.; Mody,
                        Tarak D.; Magda, Darren; Kral, Vladimir A.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Board of Regents, the University of Texas System, USA;
                        Pharmacyclics, Inc.
SOURCE:
                        U.S., 46 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 437,968.
                        CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
                        English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO.
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                               DATE
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                               -----
                         Α
                               19991019
                                          US 1997-775261
                                                                  19970204
    US 5969111
    US 5559207
                               19960924
                                          US 1994-227370
                         Α
    WO 9429316
                               19941222
                                           WO 1994-US6284
                         A2
    WO 9429316
                         A3
                               19950202
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            HU, JP, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ,
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                         A1
                              19950420
                                          WO 1994-US11491
            AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB,
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            TD, TG
                               19970422
    US 5622946
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US 1995-437968 19950510 US 1994-227370 A2 19940414 WO 1994-US6284 A1 19940609 WO 1994-US11491 A1 19941012 US 1995-437968 A2 19950510 US 1995-452261 B2 19950526 US 1989-320293 A3 19890306 US 1990-539975 A2 19900618 US 1991-771393 B2 19910930

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

10/659,499 War,d559 -94

> US 1992-822964 A2 19920121 US 1993-75123 B2 19930609 US 1993-135118 A 19931012

MARPAT 131:294770 OTHER SOURCE(S):

Entered STN: 22 Oct 1999 ED

I (where each R1, R2, R3, R4, R7 and R8 is independently H, OH, alkyl, AB hydroxyalkyl, oxyalkyl, oxyhydroxyalkyl, saccharide, oxyaminoalkyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, carboxyamidealkyl, a site-directing mol., imidazole or a couple to a site-directing mol. or to imidazole) as their transition metal and rare earth complexes are claimed and can be used as radiation sensitizers for human carcinoma cells. For example, the Gd and Lu complexes of I (R1 = CH2CH2CH2OH, R2 = R3 = Et, R4 = Me, R7 = R8 = OCH2HC2OCH2CH2OCH2CH2OMe) were prepared and the radiation sensitization of

HT-29 cells by these complexes was studied.

REFERENCE COUNT: 177 THERE ARE 177 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L26 ANSWER 10 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:526157 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:283357

TITLE: Singlet oxygen generation by

metallotexaphyrins

Grossweiner, Leonard I.; Bilgin, Mehmet D.; Berdusis, AUTHOR(S):

Peter; Mody, Tarak D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Wenske Laser Center, Ravenswood Hospital Medical

Center, Chicago, IL, 60640-5205, USA

SOURCE: Photochemistry and Photobiology (1999), 70(2), 138-145

CODEN: PHCBAP; ISSN: 0031-8655

PUBLISHER: American Society for Photobiology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Entered STN: 24 Aug 1999

AΒ Metallotexaphyrins have clin. applications as photosensitizers of photodynamic therapy (PDT). The singlet oxygen quantum yield

 $(\Phi\Delta)$ was determined for a series of metallotexaphyrin

derivs. (Lu [III], Y [III], Cd [II], In [III] and Gd [III]) under

conditions where the agents are believed to exist in monomeric form.

results show ΦΔ of metallotexaphyrins vary with the medium and the metal cation. Measurements on the Lu (III)

texaphyrin led to $\Phi\Delta$ = 0.38 in unbuffered 5% Tween 20

and $\Phi\Delta$ = 0.58 in pH 7.4 phosphate buffer plus 1% Triton X-100 $(\pm 10\%)$. The in vitro photodynamic efficiency calculated from $\Phi\Delta$

is compared to in vivo PDT efficacy in an animal tumor model.

REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L26 ANSWER 11 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:212793 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:264132

Radiation sensitization using texaphyrins TITLE:

Sessler, Jonathan L.; Harriman, Anthony; Miller, INVENTOR(S):

Richard A.; Magda, Darren; Mody, Tarak D.;

Hemmi, Gregory W.

Pharmacyclics, Inc., USA; Board of Regents, the PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

University of Texas System

SOURCE: U.S., 43 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,622,946.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

Ward

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5888997	Α	19990330	US 1997-795393	19970204
US 5559207	A	19960924	US 1994-227370	19940414
US 5622946	Α	19970422	US 1995-437968	19950510
US 6072038	Α	20000606	US 1998-104870	19980625
PRIORITY APPLN. I	NFO.:		US 1994-227370	A2 19940414
			US 1995-437968	A2 19950510
		•	US 1995-452261	B2 19950526
			US 1989-320293	A3 19890306
	•		US 1990-539975	A2 19900618
			US 1991-771393	B2 19910930
			US 1992-822964	A2 19920121
			US 1993-75123	B2 19930609
			US 1993-135118	A2 19931012
			US 1995-227370	A2 19940414
			WO 1994-US6284	A1 19940609
			WO 1994-US11491	A1 19941012
•			US 1997-795393	A1 19970204

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 130:264132

Entered STN: 05 Apr 1999

The invention relates to the field of radiation sensitizers and the use of texaphyrins for radiation sensitization and other conditions for

which X-ray radiation has proven to be therapeutic.

REFERENCE COUNT: 65 THERE ARE 65 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L26 ANSWER 12 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1997:360523 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

127:30952

TITLE:

Biomedical applications of lanthanide (III)

texaphyrins. Lutetium(III) texaphyrins

as potential photodynamic therapy photosensitizers AUTHOR (S): Sessler, Jonathan L.; Dow, William C.; O'Connor, Donald; Harriman, Anthony; Hemmi, Gregory; Mody, Tarak D.; Miller, Richard A.; Qing, Fan; Springs,

Stacy; Woodburn, Kathyrn; Young, Stuart W.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University

of Texas at Austin, Austin, USA

SOURCE:

Journal of Alloys and Compounds (1997), 249(1-2),

CODEN: JALCEU: ISSN: 0925-8388

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Elsevier Journal English

LANGUAGE: Entered STN: 09 Jun 1997 AB

The texaphyrins are a novel class of pentadentate, porphyrin-like aromatic macrocyclic ligands that form kinetically stable complexes with essentially all cations of the trivalent lanthanide series. This ability, combined with certain features inherent to the texaphyrin skeleton, gives rise to species that are of potential interest in a range of medical applications including diagnosis and therapy. In this paper, the biomedical utility of one particular metallotexaphyrin derivative, namely the lutetium(III) complex PCI-0123 (1), is highlighted. This system generates singlet oxygen in 11% quantum yield in water (20-30% in organic solvents) and is an effective sensitizer for photodynamic cancer therapy as judged from animal model studies. It is

currently in Phase I human clin. trials.

REFERENCE COUNT: 59 THERE ARE 59 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L26 ANSWER 13 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:679502 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:72119

TITLE: Texaphyrins and their uses in photodynamic

therapy and treatment of tumors and atheroma

INVENTOR(S): Magda, Darren; Sessler, Jonathan L.; Iverson, Brent;

Jansen, Petra L.; Wright, Meredith; Mody, Tarak

D.; Hemmi, Gregory W.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University of Texas, USA; Pharmacyclics, Inc.

SOURCE: U.S., 54 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,451,576.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 21

PATENT INFORMATION:

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	1935498.			Α			0619				3202				9890		
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	252720			Α			1012				3229				9920:		
	451576			Α			0919				1128				9930	_	
	5559207			Α			0924				2273				99404		
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	701317			A			0516							19			
	701176			A			0519							19			
	837866			Α		1998	1117				3627				970!		
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								US	19	95-4	15226	51	H	32 19	950!	26	

Mard 10/659,499 Ward

US 1995-469177 A 19950606 US 1995-487722 A1 19950607 WO 1995-US12312 W 19950921 US 1996-614638 A2 19960313

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 126:72119

ED Entered STN: 18 Nov 1996

AB Texaphyrins I (M = H, diamagnetic metal cation; R1-R6 = H, OH, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkoxy, saccharide, carboxyalkyl, carboxyamidealkyl, site-directing mol., couple to a site-directing mol.; N ≤ 2), methods for using the texaphyrins in photodynamic therapy, and cleavage of a polymer of DNA are disclosed. The in vivo treatment of tumors and atheroma is demonstrated using Lu(III) texaphyrin complexes. A preferred method of use is the site-specific cleavage of a polymer of DNA and a preferred texaphyrin is a derivatized texaphyrin having binding specificity, in particular, a texaphyrin covalently coupled to a site-directing mol., preferably an oligonucleotide.

L26 ANSWER 14 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:393114 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:80720

TITLE: Gadolinium(III) texaphyrin: a tumor

selective radiation sensitizer that is detectable by

MRI

AUTHOR(S): Young, Stuart W.; Qing, Fan; Harriman, Anthony;

Sessler, Jonathan L.; Dow, William C.; Mody, Tarak D.; Hemmi, Gregory W.; Hao, Yunpeng;

Miller, Richard A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Pharmacyclics, Inc., Sunnyvale, CA, 94086, USA

SOURCE: Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the

United States of America (1996), 93(13), 6610-6615

CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424

PUBLISHER: National Academy of Sciences

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 09 Jul 1996

Gadolinium(III) texaphyrin (Gd-tex2+) is representative of a new class of radiation sensitizers detectable by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI). This porphyrin-like complex has a high electron affinity [E1/2 (red.) \approx 0.08 V vs. normal hydrogen electrode] and forms a long-lived π -radical cation upon exposure to hydrated electrons, reducing ketyl radicals, or superoxide ions. Consistent with these chemical findings, Gd-tex2+ was found to be an efficient radiation sensitizer in studies carried out with HT29 cells in in vitro as well as in in vivo single and multifraction irradiation studies with a murine mammary carcinoma model. Selective localization of Gd-tex2+ in tumors was confirmed by MRI scanning.

L26 ANSWER 15 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:352802 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:52485

TITLE: Lutetium texaphyrin (PCI-0123): a

near-infrared, water-sol photosensitizer

AUTHOR(S): Young, S. W.; Woodburn, K. W.; Wright, M.; Mody,

T. D.; Fan, Q.; Sessler, J. L.; Dow, W. C.;

Miller, R. A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Pharmacyclics, Inc., Sunnyvale, CA, USA

SOURCE: Photochemistry and Photobiology (1996), 63(6), 892-897

CODEN: PHCBAP; ISSN: 0031-8655

PUBLISHER: American Society for Photobiology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English Entered STN: 18 Jun 1996 ED

Lutetium texaphyrin, PCI-0123, is a pure, water-soluble AB photosensitizer with a large broad absorption band centered at 732 nm. The compound was tested for photodynamic therapy (PDT) effectiveness in a murine mammary cancer model. The texaphyrin macrocycle as illustrated by magnetic resonance imaging and 14C-radiolabeled texaphyrin studies was shown to be tumor selective; a tumor-to-muscle ratio of 10.55 was seen after 5 h. Lutetium texaphyrin, at a drug dose of 20 µmol/kg with irradiation 5 h postinjection at 150 J/cm2 and 150 mW/cm2, had significant efficacy (P < 0.0001) in treating neoplasms of moderate size (40 \pm 14 mm3) and also had significant efficacy (P < 0.0001) in treating larger neoplasms (147 \pm 68 mm3). The PDT efficacy was correlated with the time interval between PCI-0213 administration and light exposure. A 100% cure rate was achieved when photoirradn. took place 3 h postinjection compared to 50% for 5 h using 10 μmol/kg and 150 J/cm2 at 150 mW/cm2. The PDT efficacy was attributable to the selective uptake/retention of the texaphyrin photosensitizer in addition to the depth of light penetration achievable at the 732 nm laser irradiation

L26 ANSWER 16 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:696052 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

123:106742

TITLE: Radiation sensitization using texaphyrins,

and texaphyrin preparation

INVENTOR(S): Sessler, Jonathan L.; Harriman, Anthony M.; Miller,

Richard A.; Mody, Tarak D.; Hemmi, Gregory

W.; Kraal, Vladimir A.; Magda, Darren

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University of Texas System, USA; Pharmacyclics, Inc.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 104 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

				KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.												
	95103															9941	012	
	W:										CN,							
		•				•					LT, SI,			•				VN
	RW:										ES,	•						
		-	-	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	
US	54571	TD, 183			Α		1995	1010	1	US 1	993-	1351	18		19	99310	012	
ΑU	94807	756			A1		1995	0504	1	AU 1	994-	8075	5		19	99410	012	
ΑU	68331	16	•		B2		1997	1106										
ΕP	72445	57			A1		1996	0807	1	EP 1	994-	9318	12		19	99410	12	
ΕP	72445	57			B1	;	2003	0305										
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JP	09508	3616			T2					JP 1	995-	5119	76		19	99410	012	
JP	35968	316			B2			1202										
ΑT	23357	75			E	;	2003	0315	i	AT 1	994 -	9318	12		19	99410	12	
NO	96014	136			Α	,	1996	0611	1	NO 1	996-	1436			19	99604	111	
NO	31518	35			B1		2003											
US	59691	111			Α	;	1999:	1019	1	US 1	997-	7752	51		19	99702	204	
US	60691	L 4 0			Α	:	2000	0530	ī	US 1	997-	9708	54		19	9971:	114	

US 1990-539975 A2 19900618 B2 19910930 US 1991-771393 US 1992-822964 A2 19920121 US: 1993-75123 B2 19930609 US 1993-98514 A1 19930728 US 1994-227370 A2 19940414 US 1995-227370 A2 19940414 WO 1994-US6284 A1 19940609 WO 1994-US11491 W 19941012 US 1995-437968 A2 19950510 US 1995-452261 B2 19950526 US 1996-679162 A2 19960710 US 1996-713701 A1 19960913 US 1997-795393 A1 19970204

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 123:106742; MARPAT 123:106742

ED Entered STN: 25 Jul 1995 -

Texaphyrins are provided for use as radiation sensitizers. AB Advantageous properties of texaphyrins for use as a radiation sensitizer include: (i) a low redox potential which allows radiation-induced hydrated electrons to flow to texaphyrin rather than neutralizing hydroxyl radicals, allowing hydroxyl radicals to cause cellular damage, (ii) a relatively stable texaphyrin radical that reacts readily to covalently modify neighboring mols. causing further cellular damage, (iii) intrinsic biolocalization, and (i.v.) indifference to the presence or absence of O2. These properties allow texaphyrins to be particularly effective for treating the hypoxic areas of solid neoplasms. Methods of treatment for an individual having a neoplasm or atheroma include the use of a texaphyrin as a radiation sensitizer and as an agent for photodynamic tumor therapy, or the use of a texaphyrin for internal and for external ionizing radiation. Novel texaphyrins are provided, as is a method for their preparation

L26 ANSWER 17 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1994:123551 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

INVENTOR(S):

120:123551

TITLE:

Metal complexes of water soluble texaphyrins Sessler, Jonathan L.; Hemmi, Gregory W.; Mody,

Tarak D.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

University of Texas System, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 159 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Fnglish

LANGUAGE:

English 21

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9314093	A1 19930722	WO 1993-US107	.19930107
W: AT, AU, BB,	BG, BR, CA, CH,	DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU	, JP, KP, KR,
LK, LU, MG,	MN, MW, NL, NO,	NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD	, SE, UA
RW: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC	, NL, PT, SE,
BF, BJ, CF,	CG, CI, CM, GA,	GN, ML, MR, SN, TD, TG	
US 5252720	A 19931012	US 1992-822964	19920121
AU 9334367	A1 19930803	AU 1993-34367	19930107
AU 664877	B2 19951207		

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EP	623134			A1	19941109	EP	1993-902982		19930107	
EP	623134			Bl	20021106					
•	R: AT	, BE,	CH,	DE,	DK, ES, FR,	GB, GI	R, IE, IT, LI,	LU,	MC, NL, PT	, SE
JP	07503009	9		T2	19950330	JP	1993-512562		19930107	
JP	3530529			B2	20040524				•	
CA	2127530			C	20010529	CA	1993-2127530		19930107	
AT	227291			E	20021115	AT	1993-902982		19930107	
PT	623134			\mathbf{T}	20030331	PT	1993-902982		19930107	
ES	2185627			Т3	20030501	ES	1993-902982		19930107	
FI	9403445			Α	19940720	FI	1994-3445		19940720	
FI	107157			B1	20010615					
NO	9402719			Α	19940919	NO	1994-2719		19940720	
ЙO	301828			B1	19971215					
PRIORIT	Y APPLN.	INFO.	. :			US	1992-822964	Α	19920121	
					•	US	1989-320293	Α	3 19890306	
						US-	1990-539975	A	2 19900618	
						US	1991-771393	В	2 19910930	
						WO	1993-US107	A	19930107	

Entered STN: 05 Mar 1994

Water-soluble hydroxy-substituted texaphyrins (I) retaining lipophilicity, wherein: M is H, a divalent or trivalent metal cation; R1, R2, R3, R4 and R5 are independently H, OH, CnH(2n+1)Oy or OCnH(2n+1)Oy where at least one of R1, R2, R3, R4 and R5 of any one of R1, R2, R3, R4 or R5 is less than or equal to about 1000 daltons; n is a pos. integer or zero; y is zero or a pos. integer less than or equal to (2n + 1) and N is an integer between -20 and +2. These expanded porphyrin-like macrocycles are efficient chelators of divalent and trivalent metal ions. Various metal (e.g., transition main group, and lanthanide) complexes of the hydroxy-substituted texaphyrin derivs. of the present invention have unusual water solubility and stability. They absorb light strongly in a physiol. important region (i.e. 690-880 nm). They have enhanced magnetic relaxation properties and therefore are useful in . imaging. They form long-lived triplet states in high yield and act as photosensitizers for the generation of singlet oxygen. Thus, they are useful for inactivation or destruction of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV-1) mononuclear or other cells infected with such virus as well as tumor cells. They are water soluble, yet they retain sufficient lipophilicity so as to have greater affinity for lipid rich areas such as atheroma and tumors. They may be used for magnetic resonance imaging followed by photodynamic tumor therapy in the treatment of atheroma and These properties, coupled with their high chemical stability and appreciable solubility in water add to their usefulness.

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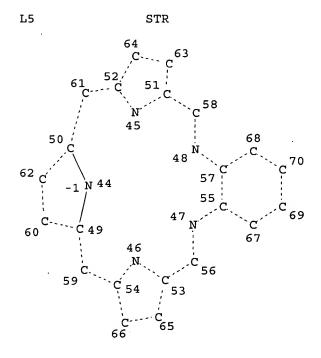
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NODE ATTRIBUTES: CHARGE IS E-1 AT 44 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

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10/659,499 Ward 659.499

NUMBER OF NODES IS 27

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L7 541 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L5

100.0% PROCESSED 4441 ITERATIONS

541 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

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L5 STR

L7 541 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L5

L8 171 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L7 AND (GD OR LU)/ELS

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L7	541	SEA	FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L5
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L10	155	SEA	FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L9 (L) (PAC OR THU)/RL
L18	7755	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON BRAIN, NEOPLASM+PFT,OLD/CT
L19	16	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L10 AND L18

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L19 ANSWER 1 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1290072 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:46998

TITLE: The X-ray crystal structure of BRCA1 tandem BRCT repeat and BACH1 phosphopeptide complex and methods

and compositions for antitumor drug design

INVENTOR(S): Yaffe, Michael B.; Clapperton, Julie A.; Manke, Isaac

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A.; Lowery, Drew M.; Ho, Timmy; Haire, Lesley F.;
                        Smerdon, Stephen J.
                        Massachusetts Institute of Technology, USA
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                        PCT Int. Appl., 360 pp.
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
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                               DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
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                                          WO 2005-US15981
                         A2
                               20051208
                                                                 20050509
     WO 2005115454
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            GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ,
            LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA,
            NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK,
            SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU,
            ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
            AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
            EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT,
            RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML,
            MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           US 2004-569131P
                                                               P 20040507
    Entered STN: 09 Dec 2005
ED
AB
     The present invention relates to compds. (e.g., peptidomimetics and
     non-peptides) that treat, prevent or stabilize cellular proliferative
     disorders and methods of treating, preventing, or stabilizing such
     disorders. The invention also provides three-dimensional structures of a
     BRCT domain-BACH1 phosphopeptide complex.
    246252-04-0, Lutetium texaphyrin 246252-06-2, Motexafin
IT
    qadolinium
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use);
    BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (X-ray crystal structure of BRCA1 tandem BRCT repeat and BACH1
       phosphopeptide complex and methods and compns. for antitumor drug
       design)
RN
     246252-04-0 HCAPLUS
    Lutetium, bis (acetato-\kappa0) [9,10-diethyl-20,21-bis[2-[2-(2-
CN
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methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]-4,15-dimethyl-8,11-imino-3,6:16,13-dinitrilo-

1,18-benzodiazacycloeicosine-5,14-dipropanolato-

(PB-7-11-233'2'4) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

κN1, κN18, κN23, κN24, κN25] -,

10/659;499...

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RN 246252-06-2 HCAPLUS

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L19 ANSWER 2 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:460637 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE:

Population pharmacokinetics of motexafin gadolinium in

adults with brain metastases or glioblastoma

multiforme

AUTHOR (S):

Miles, Dale R.; Smith, Jennifer A.; Phan, See-Chun;

Hutcheson, Sammy J.; Renschler, Markus F.; Ford,

Judith M.; Boswell, Garry W.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Pharmacyclics Inc, Sunnyvale, CA, USA

SOURCE:

Journal of Clinical Pharmacology (2005), 45(3),

299-312

CODEN: JCPCBR; ISSN: 0091-2700

PUBLISHER:

Sage Publications

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

Entered STN: 01 Jun 2005

ΑB The purpose of this study was to determine clin. variables affecting motexafin gadolinium (MGd) pharmacokinetics. Motexafin gadolinium (4-5.3 mg/kg/d) was administered i.v. fort to 6.5 wk. Plasma samples from 3 clin. trials were analyzed for MGd using liquid chromatog./mass spectroscopy. The pooled data were analyzed using population pharmacokinetic (POP-PK) methods. The POP-PK model included 243 patients (1575 samples). Clearance (CL) was 14% lower in women, but weight-normalized clearance was only 5% lower in women. Clearance decreased with increasing alkaline phosphatase, increasing age, and decreasing Hb. Administration of phenytoin increased CL by approx. 30%. Central compartment volume (V1) was 21% lower in women and increased with increasing serum creatinine. For all covariates, except sex and phenytoin, the predicted change in CL or V1 (5th and 95th percentiles) varied ≤13% from the population mean CL or V1 estimate It was concluded that a 3-compartment, open, POP-PK model predicts small but significant effects of age, sex, alkaline phosphatase, Hb, serum creatinine, and phenytoin on MGd pharmacokinetics.

IT 246252-06-2, Motexafin gadolinium

> RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(population pharmacokinetics of motexafin gadolinium in adults with brain metastases or glioblastoma multiforme)

246252-06-2 HCAPLUS RN

CN

Gadolinium, bis(acetato-κ0)[9,10-diethyl-20,21-bis[2-[2-(2methoxyethoxy) ethoxy] ethoxy] -4,15-dimethyl-8,11-imino-3,6:16,13-dinitrilo-1,18-benzodiazacycloeicosine-5,14-dipropanolatoκN1, κN18, κN23, κN24, κN25]-,

(PB-7-11-233'2'4) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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REFERENCE COUNT: 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 3 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:409543 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:457053

TITLE:

Human protein IAP (inhibitor of apoptosis protein) nucleobase oligomers, including dsRNA, shRNA, and siRNA, and their use for enhancing apoptosis in cancer

therapy

INVENTOR(S):

Lacasse, Eric; McManus, Daniel Aegera Therapeutics, Inc., Can.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 112 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
WO 2005042558	A1 20050512	WO 2004-CA1902	20041029		
W: AE, AG, AL,	AM, AT, AU, AZ,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY,	BZ, CA, CH,		
CN, CO, CR,	CU, CZ, DE, DK,	DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES,	FI, GB, GD,		
GE, GH, GM,	HR, HU, ID, IL,	IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP,	KR, KZ, LC,		
LK, LR, LS,	LT, LU, LV, MA,	MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,	MZ, NA, NI,		
NO, NZ, OM,	PG, PH, PL, PT,	RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG,	SK, SL, SY,		
TJ, TM, TN,	TR, TT, TZ, UA,	UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU,	ZA, ZM, ZW		
RW: BW, GH, GM,	KE, LS, MW, MZ,	NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG,	ZM, ZW, AM,		
AZ, BY, KG,	KZ, MD, RU, TJ,	TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY,	CZ, DE, DK,		
EE, ES, FI,	FR, GB, GR, HU,	IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL,	PT, RO, SE,		
		CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW,			
SN, TD, TG					
US 2005148535	A1 20050707	US 2004-975974	20041028		
CA 2542904	AA 20050512	CA 2004-2542904	20041029		
EP 1682565	A1 20060726	EP 2004-789809	20041029		
R: DE, FR, GB					
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		US 2003-516192P	P 20031030		
		WO 2004-CA1902	W 20041029		

Entered STN: 13 May 2005 ED

AB The invention provides nucleobase oligomers and oligonucleotide duplexes that inhibit expression of an IAP (inhibitor of apoptosis protein), and methods for using them to induce apoptosis in a cell. Specifically, the invention provides nucleic acid sequences for siRNAs and shRNAs that

IT

CN

target human XIAP, HIAP-1 or HIAP-2 genes. The nucleobase oligomers and oligomer complexes of the present invention may also be used to form pharmaceutical compns. The invention also features methods for enhancing apoptosis in a cell by administering a nucleobase oligomer or oligomer complex of the invention in combination with a chemotherapeutic or chemosensitizing agent. RNAi sequences and vectors producing shRNA (short hairpin RNA) were transfected into HeLa cells and evaluated for their effect on XIAP, cIAP-1, or cIAP-2 protein levels. XIAP protein could also be reduced by RNAi clones in transfected breast cancer cell line MDA-MB-231. In addition, cell survival was reduced in XIAP RNAi transfected breast cancer cell line after the transfected cells were treated with TRAIL (tumor necrosis factor-related apoptosis inducing ligand). 246252-04-0, Lutetium texaphyrin

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (human protein IAP (inhibitor of apoptosis protein) nucleobase oligomers, including dsRNA, shRNA, and siRNA, and their use for enhancing apoptosis in cancer therapy)

RN 246252-04-0 HCAPLUS

Lutetium, bis(acetato- κ 0)[9,10-diethyl-20,21-bis[2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]-4,15-dimethyl-8,11-imino-3,6:16,13-dinitrilo-1,18-benzodiazacycloeicosine-5,14-dipropanolato- κ N1, κ N18, κ N23, κ N24, κ N25]-, (PB-7-11-233'2'4)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

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L19 ANSWER 4 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:409357 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:457052

TITLE:

Sequences of antisense IAP (inhibitor of apoptosis protein) oligomers and their use for treatment of proliferative diseases with a chemotherapeutic agent

INVENTOR(S):

Lacasse, Eric; McManus, Daniel; Durkin, Jon P. Aegera Therapeutics, Inc., Can.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PCT Int. Appl., 285 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

·		APPLICATION NO.	DATE				
		WO 2004-CA1900	20041029				
W: AE, AG, AL,	AM, AT, AU, AZ,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BW,	BY, BZ, CA, CH,				
CN, CO, CR,	CU, CZ, DE, DK,	DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG,	ES, FI, GB, GD,				
GE, GH, GM,	HR, HU, ID, IL,	IN, IS, JP, KE, KG,	KP, KR, KZ, LC,				
		MD, MG, MK, MN, MW,					
		RO, RU, SC, SD, SE,					
		UG, US, UZ, VC, VN,					
		NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ,					
	• • • • •	TM, AT, BE, BG, CH,					
		IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,					
•		CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ,					
SN, TD, TG	21, 20, 61, 66,	or, on, on, on, og,	o,,,,				
US 2005119217	A1 20050602	US 2004-975790	20041028				
AU 2004284855		AU 2004-373730					
		CA 2004-2542884					
EP 1691842		EP 2004-789807					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU,					
	LV, FI, RO, MK,	CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ,					
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	•	US 2003-516263P					
		WO 2004-CA1900	W 20041029				

ED Entered STN: 13 May 2005

AB The invention claims the use of an antisense oligomer to human XIAP, IAP-1 or IAP-2 genes and a chemotherapeutic agent, and compns. and kits thereof, for the treatment of proliferative diseases. The invention further claims sequences for nucleobase oligomers that are antisense IAP (inhibitor of apoptosis protein) oligomers. The antisense IAP nucleobase oligomers

specifically hybridize with polynucleotides encoding an IAP and reduce the amount of an IAP protein produced in a cell. Thus by reducing the IAP protein, the invention provides methods for inducing cancer cells to undergo apoptosis and for overriding anti-apoptotic signals in cancer cells. As an example of the invention, mice with s.c. H460 human lung carcinoma xenografts were injected intratumorally with XIAP antisense mixed-base 2'-O-Me RNA oligonucleotides (C5 and/or G4) and the drug vinorelbine. At the end of the 24 d treatment period, the mean relative tumor growth was reduced .apprx.70% in treated mice. The inhibition of tumor growth was correlated with down-regulation of human XIAP protein expression and an increased number of dead cells. The mice did not show any signs of cytotoxicity such as body weight loss.

IT 246252-04-0, Lutetium texaphyrin

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (sequences of antisense IAP (inhibitor of apoptosis protein) oligomers and their use for treatment of proliferative diseases with chemotherapeutic agent)

RN 246252-04-0 HCAPLUS

CN

Lutetium, bis (acetato-κΟ) [9,10-diethyl-20,21-bis [2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy) ethoxy]-4,15-dimethyl-8,11-imino-3,6:16,13-dinitrilo-1,18-benzodiazacycloeicosine-5,14-dipropanolato-κΝ1,κΝ18,κΝ23,κΝ24,κΝ25]-, (PB-7-11-233'2'4)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

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REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 5 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

6

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:283298 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:349042

TITLE:

Combinations of chlorpromazine compounds and

antiproliferative drugs for the treatment of neoplasms

INVENTOR(S):

Lee, Margaret S.; Nichols, James M.; Zhang, Yanzhen;

Keith, Curtis

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Combinatorx, Incorporated, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 65 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 7

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	TENT	NO.			KIN		DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION 1	NO.		Di	ATE		
	WO 2005027842 WO 2005027842				A2 20050331			WO 2004-US30368					20040916					
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,	
		NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	
		TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UΑ,	ŪĠ,	US,	UΖ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW	
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ŪG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	
		ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	
		EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	
		SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	
			TD,															
	AU 2004273910																	
	2538							0331										
EP	1670	477			A2		2006	0621		EP 2	004-	7887	98		20	0040	916	
	R:	ΑT,	ΒE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
		-	-	-		-	-	MK,				•		-				HR
ИО	2006	0013	25		Α		2006	0606										
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:									10P					
									1	WO 2	004-1	US30	368	1	v 20	0040	916	
OTHER S	OURCE	(s)			MAR	PAT	142.	3490	42									

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:349042

ED Entered STN: 01 Apr 2005

AB The invention discloses a method for treating a patient having a cancer or

other neoplasm by administering chlorpromazine or a chlorpromazine analog and an antiproliferative agent simultaneously or within 14 days of each other in amts. sufficient to treat the patient.

IT 246252-04-0, Lutetium texaphyrin

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic

use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(chlorpromazine compound-antiproliferative drug antitumor combination)

RN 246252-04-0 HCAPLUS

CN Lutetium, bis(acetato-ĸ0)[9,10-diethyl-20,21-bis[2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy]ethoxy]-4,15-dimethyl-8,11-imino-3,6:16,13-dinitrilo-1,18-benzodiazacycloeicosine-5,14-dipropanolato-

κN1,κN18,κN23,κN24,κN25]-,

(PB-7-11-233'2'4)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

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L19 ANSWER 6 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:1089451 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:290422

TITLE:

Motexafin gadolinium: a clinical review of a novel

AUTHOR(S):

radioenhancer for brain tumors Khuntia, Deepak; Mehta, Minesh

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Human Oncology, L5/B16 Clinical Science Center, University of Wisconsin, Madison, WI, 53792,

IICA

SOURCE:

" सद्ध ।" 👵

Expert Review of Anticancer Therapy (2004), 4(6),

981-989

CODEN: ERATBJ; ISSN: 1473-7140

PUBLISHER: Future Drugs Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 20 Dec 2004

AB A review. Despite recent advances in both technol. and mol. targeting, little progress has been made in the management of most malignancies of the brain, especially brain metastases. In an effort to increase the therapeutic ratio of external beam radiation treatments, radiosensitizes.

the brain, especially brain metastases. In an effort to increase the therapeutic ratio of external beam radiation treatments, radiosensitizers and enhancers have been investigated. Motexafin gadolinium is a new drug with radioenhancing properties and a unique mechanism of action that may increase the therapeutic index of whole brain radiotherapy for patients with brain metastases. The rationale for the use of this drug as well as its current and future role as a radiation enhancer in the management of

brain tumors is reviewed.

246252-06-2, Motexafin gadolinium RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic

use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(radiosensitizer motexafin gadolinium has unique mechanism of action that increases therapeutic index of whole brain radiotherapy for patient with brain metastases)

RN 246252-06-2 HCAPLUS

CN Gadolinium, bis(acetato-κ0)[9,10-diethyl-20,21-bis[2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy]ethoxy]-4,15-dimethyl-8,11-imino-3,6:16,13-dinitrilo1,18-benzodiazacycloeicosine-5,14-dipropanolatoκN1,κN18,κN23,κN24,κN25]-,

(PB-7-11-233'2'4) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

- CH₂- OMe

- CH₂- OMe

THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 35

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 7 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

2004:946205 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:214355

TITLE: Neurocognitive function and progression in patients

with brain metastases treated with whole-brain radiation and motexafin gadolinium: results of a

randomized phase III trial

Meyers, Christina A.; Smith, Jennifer A.; Bezjak, AUTHOR (S):

Andrea; Mehta, Minesh P.; Liebmann, James; Illidge, Tim; Kunkler, Ian; Caudrelier, Jean-Michel; Eisenberg, Peter D.; Meerwaldt, Jacobus; Siemers, Ross; Carrie, Christian; Gaspar, Laurie E.; Curran, Walter; Phan,

See-Chun; Miller, Richard A.; Renschler, Markus F.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Clinical Oncology (2004), 22(1), 157-165

CODEN: JCONDN; ISSN: 0732-183X

PUBLISHER: American Society of Clinical Oncology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED

Entered STN: 09 Nov 2004 AB The aim was to report the neurocognitive findings in a phase III randomized trial evaluating survival and neurol. and neurocognitive function in patients with brain metastases from solid tumors receiving whole-brain radiation therapy (WBRT) with or without motexafin gadolinium (MGd). Patients were randomly assigned to receive WBRT 30 Gy in 10 fractions with or without MGd 5 mg/kg/d. Monthly neurocognitive testing for memory, executive function, and fine motor skill was performed. Four hundred one patients were enrolled (251 with non-small-cell lung cancer, 75 with breast cancer, and 75 with other cancers); 90.5% patients had impairment of one or more neurocognitive tests at baseline. Neurocognitive test scores of memory, fine motor speed, executive function, and global neurocognitive impairment at baseline were correlated with brain tumor volume and predictive of survival. There was no statistically significant difference between treatment arms in time to neurocognitive progression. Patients with lung cancer (but not other types of cancer) who were treated with MGd tended to have improved memory and executive function (P = .062) and improved neurol. function as assessed by a blinded events review committee (P = .048). Neurocognitive tests are a relatively sensitive measure of brain functioning; a combination of tumor prognostic variables and brain function assessments seems to predict survival better than tumor variables alone. Although the

addition of MGd to WBRT did not produce a significant overall improvement between treatment arms, MGd may improve memory and executive function and prolong time to neurocognitive and neurol. progression in patients with brain metastases from lung cancer.

246252-06-2, Motexafin gadolinium IT

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic

use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(effect of motexafin gadolinium addition to radiation on neurocognitive function in patients with brain metastases)

246252-06-2 HCAPLUS RN

Gadolinium, bis (acetato- κ 0) [9,10-diethyl-20,21-bis [2-[2-(2-CN methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]-4,15-dimethyl-8,11-imino-3,6:16,13-dinitrilo-1,18-benzodiazacycloeicosine-5,14-dipropanolatoκN1, κN18, κN23, κN24, κN25]-,

(PB-7-11-233'2'4) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

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REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 34 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L19 ANSWER 8 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:179554 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:199261

TITLE: Motexafin gadolinium: gadolinium (III) texaphryrin,

gadolinium texaphyrin, Gd-Tex, GdT2B2, PCI 0120

AUTHOR(S): Anon. CORPORATE SOURCE: N. Z.

SOURCE: Drugs in R&D (2004), 5(1), 52-57 CODEN: DRDDFD; ISSN: 1174-5886

PUBLISHER: Adis International Ltd.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 05 Mar 2004

AB A review. Motexafin gadolinium [gadolinium (III) texaphyrin, gadolinium texaphyrin, Gd-Tex, GdT2B2, PCI 0120] is a radiosensitizing agent developed for use in cancer therapy. It is cytotoxic in haematol. malignancies by selectively localizing in cancer cells that have high rates of metabolism Motexafin gadolinium inhibits cellular respiration resulting in the production of reactive oxygen species and inducing apoptosis. It is being developed by Pharmacyclics in the US. Bulk motexafin gadolinium is supplied to Pharmacyclics by the US company, Celanese, through a manufacturing and supply agreement between the two companies. In

June

2003, at the 39th Annual Meeting of the American Society of Clin. Oncol. (ASCO-2003), the importance of having an agent for the treatment of brain metastases from lung cancer was highlighted. Results of a phase III study were presented that showed that motexafin gadolinium treatment was associated with a delay in time to neurol. and neurocognitive progression in lung cancer patients. This was an important finding, as 46.6% of lung cancer patients already have brain metastases at the time of initial diagnosis, compared with only 2.7% of breast cancer patients. Brain metastases are also often the only site of metastatic disease in patients with lung cancer. In Dec. 2002, Pharmacyclics began a phase III trial of motexafin gadolinium in patients with brain metastases (brain cancer in phase table) from lung cancer in the US, Europe, Canada and Australia. The trial is known as the Study of neurol. progression with Motexafin gadolinium And Radiation Therapy (SMART) and will compare whole-brain irradiation with whole-brain irradiation plus motexafin gadolinium in 550 patients. primary efficacy endpoint is time to neurol. progression and the secondary endpoints are survival and neurocognitive function. In Jan. 2003, the US FDA completed its Special Protocol Assessment (SPA) of the SMART trial with a pos. result and by June 2003, enrollment had begun. In addition, phase I trials are underway in children with intrinsic pontine glioma and adults with head and neck, lung and pancreatic cancers. A phase II trial is also being conducted in the US in patients with glioblastoma multiforme. Enrollment in this trial has been completed and preliminary results have been reported. Pharmacyclics has completed enrollment and follow-up of adults in its pivotal phase III trial of motexafin gadolinium as a radiation sensitizer for the treatment of brain metastases. The trial was conducted at 35 centers in Europe, Canada and the US. Full results from this initial phase III trial were presented at the annual meeting of the American Society of Clin. Oncol. (ASCO) in Orlando, Florida, USA, held in May 2002. Pharmacyclics also announced in Oct. 2002, at the 44th Annual Meeting of the American Society for Therapeutic Radiol. and Oncol. (ASTRO), that motexafin gadolinium significantly prolonged time to neurol. progression when added to whole brain radiation therapy and reduced the number of deaths in patients with brain tumor. Pharmacyclics announced in Sept. 2000 that it has initiated two NCI-sponsored phase I trials conducted under a Cooperative Research and Development Agreement (CRADA) between Pharmacyclics and the NCI. The

first trial, conducted in patients with stage IIIA non-small cell lung cancer, was designed to determine the safety of two different dosing regimens of motexafin gadolinium during preoperative radiotherapy after induction chemotherapy. The second study was designed to examine the use of motexafin gadolinium in combination with stereotactic Gamma Knife radiosurgery in patients with primary glioblastoma multiforme. Two phase I clin. trials have also been conducted for the treatment of newly diagnosed glioblastoma multiforme at the UCLA Jonsson Comprehensive Cancer Center, USA. These phase I studies were sponsored by the NCI and were conducted under a CRADA with the NCI. Pharmacyclics has also completed multicenter US phase II clin. trials of motexafin gadolinium in patients with metastatic tumors of the brain who require whole brain radiotherapy. Motexafin gadolinium is in a phase II trial in patients with lymphomas and multiple myeloma in the US.

IT 246252-06-2, Motexafin Gadolinium

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic

use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(Motexafin Gadolinium significantly prolonged time to neurol. progression when added to whole brain radiation therapy and reduced number of deaths in patient with brain tumor)

RN 246252-06-2 HCAPLUS

CN

Gadolinium, bis(acetato-κ0)[9,10-diethyl-20,21-bis[2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]-4,15-dimethyl-8,11-imino-3,6:16,13-dinitrilo-1,18-benzodiazacycloeicosine-5,14-dipropanolato-κN1,κN18,κN23,κN24,κN25]-,

(PB-7-11-233'2'4) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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REFERENCE COUNT:

17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 9 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:493337 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:37994

TITLE:

Motexafin gadolinium: a possible new radiosensitiser

Rodrigus, Patrick

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dr B. Verbeeten Institute, Tilburg, 5000 LA, Neth.

SOURCE:

Expert Opinion on Investigational Drugs (2003), 12(7),

1205-1210

CODEN: EOIDER; ISSN: 1354-3784

PUBLISHER:
DOCUMENT TYPE:

Ashley Publications Ltd. Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE:

English

ED Entered STN: 30 Jun 2003

A review. Motexafin gadolinium (MGd, PCI-0120, Xcytrin), a metallotexaphyrin developed by Pharmacyclics, is a redox active drug that selectively targets tumor cells with a potential action as a radiosensitizer. In vitro and in vivo models showed radiation enhancement when radiation followed MGd administration. Phase I and II clin. studies showed that MGd was well-tolerated with a maximum-tolerated dose set at 6.3 mg/kg. Acute side effects of discoloration of the sclera, skin and urine are reversible. The clin. efficacy was determined in an international Phase III trial for brain metastases with a significant difference in time to neurol. progression for lung cancer brain metastases in favor of MGd and whole brain radiation vs. whole brain radiation only. For the treatment of glioblastoma multiforme, promising results are found in a Phase I trial with a median survival of 17.3 mo. Further investigation of the combination of MGd and radiotherapy will be worthwhile.

IT 246252-06-2, Xcytrin

RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (motexafin gadolinium as radiosensitizer targeting tumors)

RN 246252-06-2 HCAPLUS

CN Gadolinium, bis (acetato- κ 0) [9,10-diethyl-20,21-bis[2-[2-(2-

methoxyethoxy]ethoxy]-4,15-dimethyl-8,11-imino-3,6:16,13-dimitrilo-1,18-benzodiazacycloeicosine-5,14-dipropanolato-

κN1, κN18, κN23, κN24, κN25] -,

(PB-7-11-233'2'4) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

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REFERENCE COUNT:

21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 10 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:472383 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:30795

TITLE:

Process using a texaphyrin gadolinium chelate for

affecting neurologic progression in patients having

lung cancer metastasized to the brain

INVENTOR(S):

Miller, Richard A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Pharmacyclics, Inc, USA PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

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                                                                    20021212
     WO 2003049731
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             UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
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             FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                20030619
                                            CA 2002-2469613
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                                                                    20021212
    AU 2002364165
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                          A1
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                                            US 2002-318659
                                                                    20021212
    EP 1465617
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     JP 2005511719
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                                20050428
                                            JP 2003-550780
                                                                    20021212
     CN 1615129
                                20050511
                                            CN 2002-827092
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                          Α
     ZA 2004005320
                          Α
                                20050530
                                            ZA 2004-5320
                                                                    20040705
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 2001-339650P
                                                                    20011213
                                            US 2002-346584P
                                                                 Ρ
                                                                    20020107
                                            US 2002-353090P
                                                                 Р
                                                                    20020130
                                            WO 2002-US39974
                                                                    20021212
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ED Entered STN: 20 Jun 2003

GI

- AB The invention discloses the use of I for improving neurol. functions in patients afflicted with systemic lung cancer that has metastasized to the brain.
- IT 246252-06-2

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic

Ι

Marn

RN

CN

use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (texaphyrin gadolinium chelate for affecting neurol. progression in patients with lung cancer metastasized to brain) 246252-06-2 HCAPLUS

Gadolinium, bis(acetato-κ0) [9,10-diethyl-20,21-bis[2-[2-(2methoxyethoxy) ethoxy] -4,15-dimethyl-8,11-imino-3,6:16,13-dinitrilo-1,18-benzodiazacycloeicosine-5,14-dipropanolatoκN1, κN18, κN23, κN24, κN25]-,

(PB-7-11-233'2'4) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

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REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 1 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L19 ANSWER 11 OF 16

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:708038 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:241839

TITLE:

Lead-in phase to randomized trial of motexafin gadolinium and whole-brain radiation for patients with

brain metastases: centralized assessment of magnetic

resonance imaging, neurocognitive, and neurologic end points

AUTHOR(S):

Mehta, Minesh P.; Shapiro, William R.; Glantz, Michael J.; Patchell, Roy A.; Weitzner, Michael A.; Meyers, Christina A.; Schultz, Christopher J.; Roa, Wilson H.; Leibenhout, Mark; Ford, Judith; Curran, Walter; Phan, See; Smith, Jennifer A.; Miller, Richard A.; Renschler, Markus F.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Human Oncology, University of Wisconsin,

Madison, WI, 53792, USA

SOURCE:

Journal of Clinical Oncology (2002), 20(16), 3445-3453

CODEN: JCONDN; ISSN: 0732-183X Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

DOCUMENT TYPE:

PUBLISHER:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

ED Entered STN: 18 Sep 2002

Purpose: Motexafin qadolinium is a redox mediator that selectively targets AB tumor cells, is detectable by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), and enhances the effect of radiation therapy. This lead-in phase to a randomized trial served to evaluate radiol., neurocognitive, and neurol. progression end points and to evaluate the safety and radiol. response of motexafin gadolinium administered concurrently with 30 Gy in 10-fraction whole-brain radiation therapy for the treatment of brain metastases. Patients and Methods: Motexafin gadolinium (5.0 mg/kg/d for 10 days) was administered before each radiation treatment in this prospective international trial. Patients were evaluated by MRI, neurol. examns., and neurocognitive tests. Prospective criteria and centralized review procedures were established for radiol., neurocognitive, and neurol. progression end points. Results: Twenty-five patients with brain metastases from lung (52%) and breast (24%) cancer, recursive partitioning anal. class 2 (96%), and an average of 11 brain metastases were enrolled. Neurocognitive function was highly impaired at presentation. Motexafin gadolinium was well tolerated. Freedom from neurol. progression was 77% at 1 yr. Median survival was 5.0 mo. In 29% of patients, the cause of death was brain metastasis progression. The radiol. response rate was 68%. Motexafin gadolinium's tumor selectivity was established with MRI. Conclusion: (1) Centralized neurol. progression scoring that incorporated neurocognitive tests was implemented successfully. (2) Motexafin gadolinium was well tolerated. (3) Local control, measured by radiol. response rate, neurol. progression, and death caused by progression of brain metastasis, seemed to be improved compared with historical results. A randomized phase III trial using these methods for evaluation of efficacy has just been completed.

IT 246252-06-2, Motexafin gadolinium

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(motexafin gadolinium and whole-brain radiation for cancer patients with brain metastases: centralized assessment of magnetic resonance imaging, neurocognitive, and neurol. end points)

RN 246252-06-2 HCAPLUS

CN Gadolinium, bis(acetato-κ0)[9,10-diethyl-20,21-bis[2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy]ethoxy]-4,15-dimethyl-8,11-imino-3,6:16,13-dinitrilo1,18-benzodiazacycloeicosine-5,14-dipropanolatoκN1,κN18,κN23,κN24,κN25]-,
(PB-7-11-233'2'4)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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REFERENCE COUNT:

25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 12 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:521462 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:88442

TITLE:

Incensole and furanogermacrens and compounds in

treatment for inhibiting neoplastic lesions and

microorganisms

INVENTOR(S):

Shanahan-Pendergast, Elisabeth

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Ire.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 68 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

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20020711
                                            WO 2002-IE1
                                                                    20020102
     WO 2002053138
                         A2
    WO 2002053138
                         A3
                                20020919
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            UA, UG, US, VN, YU, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, ES, FI,
            ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    AU 2002219472
                          A1
                                20020716
                                            AU,2002-219472
                                                                    20020102
                         A2 .
                                20031015
                                            EP 2002-727007
                                                                   20020102
    EP 1351678
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
                                            US 2004-250535
                                20040513
                                                                    20040102
     US 2004092583
                         A1
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            IE 2001-2
                                                                   20010102
                                            WO 2002-IE1
                                                                   20020102
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                         MARPAT 137:88442
    Entered STN:
ED
                  12 Jul 2002
     The invention discloses the use of incensole and/or furanogermacrens,
AB
     derivs. metabolites and precursors thereof in the treatment of neoplasia,
    particularly resistant neoplasia and immunodysregulatory disorders. These
     compds. can be administered alone or in combination with conventional
     chemotherapeutic, antiviral, antiparasite agents, radiation and/or
     surgery. Incensole and furanogermacren and their mixture showed antitumor
     activity against various human carcinomas and melanomas and antimicrobial
     activity against Staphylococcus aureus and Enterococcus faecalis.
     246252-04-0, Lutetium texaphyrin 246252-06-2, Gadolinium
IT
     texaphyrin
    RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic
    use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (pharmaceutical formulation further including; incensole and
        furanogermacrens and compds. as antitumor and antimicrobial agents)
RN
     246252-04-0 HCAPLUS
     Lutetium, bis (acetato-κΟ) [9,10-diethyl-20,21-bis[2-[2-(2-
CN
    methoxyethoxy]ethoxy]-4,15-dimethyl-8,11-imino-3,6:16,13-dinitrilo-
     1,18-benzodiazacycloeicosine-5,14-dipropanolato-
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PAGE 1-A

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PAGE 1-B

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RN 246252-06-2 HCAPLUS
CN Gadolinium, bis(acetato-κ0)[9,10-diethyl-20,21-bis[2-[2-(2methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]-4,15-dimethyl-8,11-imino-3,6:16,13-dinitrilo1,18-benzodiazacycloeicosine-5,14-dipropanolatoκN1,κN18,κN23,κN24,κN25]-,
(PB-7-11-233'2'4)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L19 ANSWER 13 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:753689 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:130894

TITLE:

A mechanistic investigation of the experimental radiation sensitizer gadolinium(III) texaphyrin

AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Tvermoes, Nicolai Aage Univ. of Texas, Austin, TX, USA

SOURCE:

(2000) 159 pp. Avail.: UMI, Order No. DA9992932 From: Diss. Abstr. Int., B 2001, 61(11), 5884

Dissertation

DOCUMENT TYPE:

English

LANGUAGE: ED Entered STN: 16 Oct 2001

AB Unavailable

IT 246252-06-2, Gadolinium texaphyrin

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (mechanistic investigation of the exptl. radiation sensitizer

gadolinium(III) texaphyrin)

RN246252-06-2 HCAPLUS

Gadolinium, bis (acetato-κΟ) [9,10-diethyl-20,21-bis[2-[2-(2-CN

methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethoxy]-4,15-dimethyl-8,11-imino-3,6:16,13-dinitrilo-1,18-benzodiazacycloeicosine-5,14-dipropanolato-

κN1, κN18, κN23, κN24, κN25]-,

(PB-7-11-233'2'4) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L19 ANSWER 14 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:308295 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:223495

TITLE:

Multicenter phase Ib/II trial of the radiation

enhancer motexafin gadolinium in patients with brain

metastases

AUTHOR (S):

Carde, Patrice; Timmerman, Robert; Mehta, Minesh P.; Koprowski, Christopher D.; Ford, Judith; Tishler, Roy B.; Miles, Dale; Miller, Richard A.; Renschler, Markus

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Institut Gustave Roussy, Villejuif, Fr.

SOURCE:

Journal of Clinical Oncology (2001), 19(7), 2074-2083

CODEN: JCONDN; ISSN: 0732-183X

PUBLISHER:

Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

ED Entered STN: 02 May 2001

Motexafin gadolinium is a magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)-detectable

·*c:

redox active drug that localizes selectively in tumor cells and enhances the effect of radiation therapy. This phase Ib/II trial of motexafin gadolinium, administered concurrently with 30 Gy in 10 fractions whole-brain radiation therapy (WBRT), was conducted to determine maximum-tolerated

dose (MTD), dose-limiting toxicity, pharmacokinetics, and biolocalization in patients with brain metastases. Addnl. endpoints were radiol. response rate and survival. Motexafin gadolinium was administered before each radiation treatment in this open-label, multicenter, international trial. In phase Ib, drug dose was escalated until the MTD was exceeded. In phase II, drug was evaluated in a narrow dose range. In phase Ib, the motexafin gadolinium dose was escalated in 39 patients (0.3 mg/kg to 8.4 mg/kg). In phase II, 22 patients received 5 mg/kg to 6.3 mg/kg motexafin gadolinium. Ten once-daily treatments were well tolerated. The MTD was 6.3 mg/kg, with dose-limiting reversible liver toxicity. Motexafin gadolinium's tumor selectivity was established using MRI. The radiol. response rate was 72% in phase II. Median survival was 4.7 mo for all patients, 5.4 mo for recursive partitioning anal. (RPA) class 2 patients, and 3.8 mo for RPA class 3 patients. One-year actuarial survival for all patients was 25%. Motexafin gadolinium was well tolerated at doses up to 6.3 mg/kg, was selectively accumulated in tumors, and, when combined with WBRT of 30 Gy in 10 fractions, was associated with a high radiol. response rate. 246252-06-2, Motexafin gadolinium

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(radiation enhancer motexafin gadolinium in humans with brain metastases)

RN 246252-06-2 HCAPLUS

Gadolinium, bis(acetato-κO)[9,10-diethyl-20,21-bis[2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]-4,15-dimethyl-8,11-imino-3,6:16,13-dinitrilo-1,18-benzodiazacycloeicosine-5,14-dipropanolato-κN1,κN18,κN23,κN24,κN25]-,
(PB-7-11-233'2'4)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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REFERENCE COUNT: 44 THERE ARE 44 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 15 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:120370 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:277412

TITLE: Texaphyrins: a new approach to drug development

AUTHOR(S): Mody, Tarak D.; Sessler, Jonathan L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Pharmacyclics, Inc., Sunnyvale, CA, 94085, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Porphyrins and Phthalocyanines (2001), 5(2), 134-142

CODEN: JPPHFZ; ISSN: 1088-4246

PUBLISHER: John Wiley & Sons Ltd.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 18 Feb 2001

A review with 88 refs. The texaphyrins are prototypical AB metal-coordinating expanded porphyrins. They represent a burgeoning class of pharmacol. agents that show promise for an array of medical applications. Currently, two different water-soluble lanthanide texaphyrins, namely motexafin gadolinium (Gd-Tex, 1) and motexafin lutetium (Lu-Tex, 2), are involved in multi-center clin. trials for a variety of indications. The first of these agents, XCYTRIN (motexafin gadolinium) injection, is being evaluated as a potential X-ray radiation enhancer in a randomized Phase III clin. trial in patients with brain metastases. The second, in various formulations, is being evaluated as a photosensitizer for use in: (i) the photodynamic treatment of recurrent breast cancer (LUTRIN Injection; now in Phase IIb clin. trials); (ii) photoangioplastic reduction of atherosclerosis involving peripheral and coronary arteries (ANTRIN Injection; now in Phase II and Phase I clin. trials, resp.); and (iii) light-based age-related macular degeneration (OPTRIN Injection; currently under Phase II clin. evaluation), a vision-threatening disease of the retina. In this article, these developments, along with fundamental aspects of the underlying chemical are reviewed.

IT 246252-04-0, Motexafin lutetium 246252-06-2, Motexafin

gadolinium

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (texaphyrins: new approach to drug development)

RN 246252-04-0 HCAPLUS

CN Lutetium, bis(acetato-κ0)[9,10-diethyl-20,21-bis[2-[2-(2methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethoxy]-4,15-dimethyl-8,11-imino-3,6:16,13-dinitrilo1,18-benzodiazacycloeicosine-5,14-dipropanolatoκN1,κN18,κN23,κN24,κN25]-,

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(PB-7-11-233'2'4)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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RN 246252-06-2 HCAPLUS

CN Gadolinium, bis(acetato-κ0)[9,10-diethyl-20,21-bis[2-[2-(2methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]-4,15-dimethyl-8,11-imino-3,6:16,13-dinitrilo1,18-benzodiazacycloeicosine-5,14-dipropanolatoκN1,κN18,κN23,κN24,κN25]-,
(PB-7-11-233'2'4)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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PAGE 1-B

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REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 88 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 16 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:609767 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:134155

TITLE:

Phases IB and II multidose trial of gadolinium texaphyrin, a radiation sensitizer detectable at MR imaging: preliminary results in brain metastases

AUTHOR (S):

Viala, Juliette; Vanel, Daniel; Meingan, Philippe; Lartigau, Eric; Carde, Patrice; Renschler, Markus

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Departments of Radiology, Institut Gustave-Roussy,

Villejuif, 94805, Fr.

SOURCE:

Radiology (Oak Brook, Illinois) (1999), 212(3),

755-759

CODEN: RADLAX; ISSN: 0033-8419

PUBLISHER:

Radiological Society of North America

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

Ward o : .

AB

ED Entered STN: 26 Sep 1999

PURPOSE: To evaluate magnetic resonance (MR) imaging results after administration of gadolinium texaphyrin, a tumor-selective radiation sensitizer that is detectable at MR imaging, and to determine an appropriate i.v. dose of gadolinium texaphyrin for repeated injections during radiation therapy, the dose-limiting toxicity of reiterated doses of gadolinium texaphyrin, the maximal tolerated dose, the biolocalization of gadolinium texaphyrin (as assessed at MR examns.), and the response to treatment. MATERIALS AND METHODS: Ten daily i.v. injections of gadolinium texaphyrin, each followed by whole-brain radiation therapy (total of 10 fractions, 30 Gy), were administered to patients with brain metastases in a multicenter study. At the study institution, 11 patients underwent MR imaging before and after the first injection, after the 10th injection, and 8 wk after entry into the study. RESULTS: MR imaging revealed selective drug uptake in metastases, without enhancement of normal brain tissue. In 10 patients, tumor uptake was higher after the 10th injection than after the first injection, which indicated accumulation of gadolinium texaphyrin in metastases. One lesion was visible only after the 10th injection and not at the pretherapeutic MR examination with injection of conventional gadolinium-based contrast material. Response to treatment was defined as a reduction in the size of the metastases between the preinjection MR study and the last MR study; seven patients achieved partial remission with tumor regression exceeding 50% of the initial size, and four achieved a minor response with less than 50% tumor regression. CONCLUSION: These preliminary results indicate that gadolinium texaphyrin is tumor selective and that brain metastases can be depicted at MR imaging long after the administration of gadolinium texaphyrin.

246252-06-2

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RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(clin. trial of gadolinium texaphyrin, a radiation sensitizer detectable at MR imaging: preliminary results in brain metastases) 246252-06-2 HCAPLUS

Gadolinium, bis (acetato- κ 0) [9,10-diethyl-20,21-bis [2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]-4,15-dimethyl-8,11-imino-3,6:16,13-dinitrilo-1,18-benzodiazacycloeicosine-5,14-dipropanolato- κ N1, κ N18, κ N23, κ N24, κ N25]-,

(PB-7-11-233'2'4) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L15

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E E2+ALL

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